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General Certificate of Education June 2007 Advanced Level Examination

# MATHEMATICS Unit Pure Core 4

MPC4

Monday 18 June 2007 9.00 am to 10.30 am

### For this paper you must have:

• an 8-page answer book

• the **blue** AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

## Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The *Examining Body* for this paper is AQA. The *Paper Reference* is MPC4.
- Answer all questions.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.

# Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.

### Advice

• Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.

#### Answer all questions.

- 3 (a) Express  $4\cos x + 3\sin x$  in the form  $R\cos(x \alpha)$ , where R > 0 and  $0^{\circ} < \alpha < 360^{\circ}$ , giving your value for  $\alpha$  to the nearest 0.1°. (3 marks)
  - (b) Hence solve the equation  $4\cos x + 3\sin x = 2$  in the interval  $0^\circ < x < 360^\circ$ , giving all solutions to the nearest 0.1°. (4 marks)
  - (c) Write down the minimum value of  $4\cos x + 3\sin x$  and find the value of x in the interval  $0^\circ < x < 360^\circ$  at which this minimum value occurs. (3 marks)

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www.mymathscloud.com 4 A biologist is researching the growth of a certain species of hamster. She proposes that the length,  $x \, \text{cm}$ , of a hamster t days after its birth is given by

$$x = 15 - 12e^{-\frac{t}{14}}$$

- Use this model to find: (a)
  - the length of a hamster when it is born; (i) (1 mark)
  - the length of a hamster after 14 days, giving your answer to three significant (ii) figures. (2 marks)
- Show that the time for a hamster to grow to 10 cm in length is given by (b) (i)  $t = 14 \ln\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)$ , where a and b are integers. (3 marks)
  - Find this time to the nearest day. (1 mark) (ii)
- (c) (i) Show that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{1}{14} \left(15 - x\right) \tag{3 marks}$$

(ii) Find the rate of growth of the hamster, in cm per day, when its length is 8 cm.

(1 mark)

- 5 The point P(1,a), where a > 0, lies on the curve  $y + 4x = 5x^2y^2$ .
  - (a) Show that a = 1. (2 marks)
  - Find the gradient of the curve at *P*. (b) (7 marks)
  - Find an equation of the tangent to the curve at *P*. (1 mark)(c)

#### Turn over for the next question

A curve is given by the parametric equations 6

 $x = \cos \theta$   $v = \sin 2\theta$ 

(a) (i) Find 
$$\frac{dx}{d\theta}$$
 and  $\frac{dy}{d\theta}$ . (2 marks)

Find the gradient of the curve at the point where  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ . (2 marks) (ii)

Show that the cartesian equation of the curve can be written as (b)

$$y^2 = kx^2(1-x^2)$$

where k is an integer.

- 7 The lines  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  have equations  $\mathbf{r} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix} + \lambda \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{r} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 0 \\ 11 \end{bmatrix} + \mu \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$ respectively.
  - Show that  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  are perpendicular. (a)
  - Show that  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  intersect and find the coordinates of the point of intersection, P. (b) (5 marks)
  - The point A(-4, 0, 11) lies on  $l_2$ . The point B on  $l_1$  is such that AP = BP. (c) Find the length of AB. (4 marks)
- 8 (a) Solve the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \frac{\sqrt{1+2y}}{x^2}$$

given that y = 4 when x = 1. (6 marks)

Show that the solution can be written as  $y = \frac{1}{2} \left( 15 - \frac{8}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} \right)$ . (2 marks) (b)

#### **END OF QUESTIONS**

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(4 marks)

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